

D 4685

D 4685(c)

File 100-11

D.C. (Sp.Br.)

100

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
S. B. REGISTRY
No. S. B. D. *468910*
Date *2-11-41*

November 28, 1941.

Afternoon Translation.

Central China Daily News, Kuo Min Daily News, Bing Pao,
New China Daily News, Kuo Pao :-

THE ORGANIZATION OF BLUE SHIRTS SOCIETY

There are 8 executive detachments of the Blue Shirts Society in Shanghai. Each detachment has several squads. A large squad has a responsible chief, a vice chief and several members undertaking intelligence work and communications. Each member has a false name. The Society is well organized. The following are the names of the members of the Society :-

Shanghai district chief, and chief of first detachment: Chan Kung-sz alias Kuan Chin.
Vice chief: Liu Sun-yuen, alias Chang Shi.

Intelligence: Cheng Cho, alias Loo Kian-min and Lin Sun-sian alias Wu Sian.

Communications: Wong Wen-san.

Chief of first squad: Chong Teh-min.

Members: Wei Sin-yuo alias Zee Pau, Wong Joo-rau alias Yang Chi-zian, She Wu-zon alias Pao Chuen, Loo Ah-ken alias Lao Yao-lon, King Hwa-fu alias Min Chin-kun, Lao Chin alias Foong Chin, Wong Pe-lin alias Yeh Zou-fei.

Chief of second squad: Chu Fun.

Vice chief: Chi Zu-chin alias Chu Min.

Members: Zien Sin-hwa alias Zee Zu-teh, Yoo Sun, Shu Nao alias Chu Chi-sin, King Shing alias King Dah-yun, Hung Mu-zu alias Hing Pin, Zen Yun alias Zen Lu-lun, and Chang Yung alias Chong Yun.

Chief of third squad: Liu Zien-teh.

Member: Chang Ju-sin.

Second Detachment

Chief of Second detachment: Chao San,
alias Tong Mou-san.

Secretary: Zao Sin-shek.

Intelligence: Wong Pao-min alias Yu

Zo-san.

Communications: Zar Tien-teh alias Chin

Yun-fu.

Chief of first squad: Cheng Mue

alias Zar Fo-chang.

Members: Yang Wu-foong, Chen Shu-mei,

Wong Mei-kwei, Yan Min-chin, Chang Chin-yun, Chu Fo-min, Chang Yon-jen alias Che Kwan-chu, Wu Pei-king, Lin Wen-chong alias Chu Zi-an, Sung W-yin and Chow Pa-hwa.

INDEXED BY
(S.B.) REGISTRY

DATE *29/11/41*

P. T. O.

November 28, 1941.

Afternoon Translation.

Chief of second squad: Ma Shio-wen alias
Zee Din-hu.

Members: Zhang Mou-chin alias Zee Teh-wu, Li
Kan-lun alias Tsai Sha-chong, Liu Chi-chun alias Lin Chi-wu,
Yao Chen-tsi alias Chong Tsi-jen, She Zien-yun alias Lu Su-
min, Lao Ka-min alias King Yun-chong, Shio Pu-sung alias
Sung Cha-chin, Si Pan-chun alias Chung Shek-yin, Liu Lu-chong
alias Shio Shek-wen, Tsio Zen-kan alias Ko Kai-pin.

Chief of third squad: Shain Yao-zian.

Members: Tsio Yun-liang alias Tsio Hung-pawn,
Lu Min alias Min Chou-lau, Wu Chin-hwa alias Li Tsi-chin,
Li Yun-chin alias Zee Zou-lan, King Zau-shing alias Kan Yu-fu,
Ma Han-wen alias Yao Chi, King Chia-loong alias Van Long-chun,
Tong Nin alias Shu Lin-shu, Zee Ka-jun alias Li Cheng-hu
and Lao Vi-pao alias Zee Chi-tsi.

Third Detachment

Chief of third detachment: Chiang Ah-hwa.

Intelligence: Kwan Chi-kong alias Yang Teh.

Communications: Chiang Chen-kong alias Chu Sau.

Chief of first squad: Lin Chin-zun.

Communications: Lao Loong-chi.

Members: Ma Wen-pin, Chen Kai-yun, Chang Yu-jen,
Wu Chin-ja, Chu Wei-pau, Chang Zan-loong, Kun Hin-kan,
King Pa-liang and Zee Ya-fong.

Chief of second squad: Tong Wei alias Yang Yao-chu.

Members: Li Wen-lin alias Ko Wen-chuen, Chin
Lan-tin alias Li Pu, Wu Chen-wei alias Tin Kwei-pau, Li Hua,
Liu Min-je alias Chio Lu-san, Kuo Chi-san, Pao Wen-yuen,
Yang Chan-wei alias Chang Pei-ying, Chang Lau-ja alias Li
Sir-jen, Chang Chin-shen, Tsio Hwa-tin, Chang Hong-yu, and
Sung Tsio-da.

Chief of third squad: Yeh Tung alias Yang Sung.

Members: Li Teh-chong, Wang Chin-wen, Cheng Yun-
kong and Chow Chin-fong.

Chief of fourth squad: Li Liang alias Li Chun.

Members: Li Hung-chi, Lao Pin-chong alias Lao Min,
Yu Song-lin, Chu Sung-hwa and Chu Nei-hwa.

Chief of fifth squad: Fu Chi-sien alias Chang Yun.

Due to the death of its vice chief in an action,
this squad was dissolved.

Chief of sixth squad: Chow Mou-san.

Member: Chow Chi-chin.

This squad has ceased its activities.

Chief of seventh squad: Ma Fong-pa.

Members: Chu Chi-de, Fong Shi-lin, Wong Yu-zei,
Nei Fu-chong, Wong Yun-lin, Wong Song-tao, Lao Je-jen and Sang
Jen-loong.

Chief of eighth squad: Chen Li alias Tien Ja.

Members: Liu Chien-min alias Liang Chin, Liu Fu-
chien alias King Mo, Liu Min-chuen alias Ro Chuen.

Chief of ninth squad: Lao Za-min.

November 28, 1941.

Afternoon Translation.

Fourth Detachment

Chief of fourth detachment of the Shanghai district:
Fong Chi-chin alias Chang Min.

Chief of first squad: Kuh Yun-sien alias Li Pin.

Members: Yang Chin-tsi alias Yuo Kwan and Tsai Kwan
alias Mu Lao-ziang.

Chief of second squad: Cheng Sung-sen alias Lu Hwa.

Members: Ma Shiao-chuen alias Chang Tsai, Tong King-
Yun alias Zun Lao, Yang Kwan-kwei alias Tong Loong, Chiang Sin-
chu alias Tang I-teh, Wang Pa-lin alias Tin Ling, Soo Teh-chen
alias Ma Chin, Wong Kan-ziang alias Chi Min, Wu Yun-min alias
Woo Fei, Cheng Kwei-lin alias Chiang Liang, Chiang Tun-liang
alias Chu Bing and Kwei Chi-do alias Chen Din.

Fifth Detachment

Chief of fifth detachment: Wong Yan alias Wong Fu-chi.

Vice chief: Tsai Wen-loong.

Chief of first squad: Wong Pin alias Zien Kan-min.

Members: Wong I-min alias Chen Ah-yun, Ma Nei-sen
alias Wong Chi-tsin, Koo Shiek-min alias Chow Chuen-lai,
Chu Tien-pro alias Shiao Chi, Lee Shan-chu alias Yu Chin-pin,
Chong Chen-shing alias Shu Kwei-lin, Sin Wen-san alias Wu Yien-
min, King Min-kwei alias Chen Hsiao-kan and Chen Sen-pro
alias Ho Hs-fo.

Chief of second squad: Tsai Jen-jai alias Lee Shio-
pu.

Vice chief: Sze Kan-jen alias Zan Be-tsin.

Members: Ma Mou-yun alias King Tien-yun, King
Pu-ko alias Chiang Tung-hai, Tong Tien-chien alias Lee Wen-
loong, Wang Yien-wen alias Yien Kwan-pu, Chang Li-tsin alias
Foong Teh-chi, Nu Zong-da alias Chang Tn-shien, Tsai Wei-
min alias Zou Pei and King Kuo-chin alias Sung Chi-zou.

Sixth Detachment

Chief of sixth detachment: Zee Zong-hwa alias Shu
Shi-ping.

Intelligence: Cheng Pan-kwan alias Foong Chi-chong.

Communications: Tsai Chi-min alias Be Chin-chen.

Chief of first squad: Cheng Lin alias Liu Tze-mei.

Vice chief: Chow Min-kwei alias Sau Cho.

Members: Wong Chi-ying alias Bou Yuen, Pei Yu-
chen alias Wu Nyon-foong, Koi Wen-tao alias Shu Lien-yin,
Shek Wen-chin alias Gee Shin-nei and Cheng Kuo-hwa alias
Tong King-sung.

November 28, 1941.

Afternoon Translation.

Chief of second squad: Chen Wen-tung alias Foong Tsar:

Vice chief: Yang Nyon-fu alias Ko Zien-chen.

Members: Chu Yang-sen alias Chu Yun-chir, Chu Hung alias Sou She-cheng, Tong Min-tsin alias Yang Shio-chen, Lee Chen-kong alias Zee Zen-tien, Ma Jo-fu alias Nu Nyon-wu, Cheng So-lon alias Tsi Foong, and Pan Ja-san alias Yau Yu-yun.

Chief of third squad: Kiao Chi-foong alias Yeh Tsin.

Vice chief: Shu Po-chong alias Wong Tsi-chin.

Members: Yoo Tien-sien alias Jo Tse-liang, Lee Kin-say alias Zee Jhen-chuen, Wong Pin-wu alias Tan Nyon-chin, Wong Chen-kan alias Chong Chen-san and Chen Wen-chin alias Sung Sou-dien.

Seventh Detachment

Chief of seventh detachment: Chong Ping-chun alias Woo Shien. (Now on sick leave).

Acting chief: Tung Kai-zien.

Intelligence: Chong Tse-an alias Lien-ken.

Chief of first squad: Zee Chi-da alias Chen Tse-Chun.

Members: Min Yun-tien alias Woo Shin-zu, Zee Wu-tsin alias Miao Kung, Yoo Wen-hwa alias Chow Lin, Chen Tsi-liang alias Lee Yung-chong, Lin Zien-sun alias Zien Hung, Lee Mou alias Sze Zoong-tsi, Chu Yuen-chong alias Wong Dah-tsi, Si Tien-zien alias Min Shin, Wong Wei alias Tsi Chon and Leo Kwan-chuen alias Foong Teh-chin.

Chief of second squad: Zue Lin-zun alias Sung I-ming.

Members: Chong Pa-yin alias Nu Tsio, Jen I-ling alias Tsio Lien, Sung Shi-lin alias Yoo Min, Yeh Kan-pao alias Wong Chi-pao, Chen Chin-zian alias Wei Chi-tao, Liang Chi-Min alias Yang Ling, Sze Yuo-chong alias Yu Tao, Wu Chen-yi alias Chiang Kuo-kwen, Tong Fu-min alias Shu Pao-shi and Ho Ziang-foong alias Lu Shi-yen.

Chief of third squad: Wong Chen-nyi alias Ho Lo.

Members: Chen Kong alias Lin Pin-yien, Wu Sou-ziang alias Lin Tsio, Nyon Pa-min alias Zee Shin-kwei, Tung Kai-zien alias Wong King-kun, Wong Chin-yuen alias Chin Chuen-kuo, King Chien-hwa alias Chong-pin, Zien Tao-zou alias Chiang Zieng-kwei, Bing Shi-tsao alias Sung Chuen-yin, Tin Chi-yuen alias Chong Kai-chuen and Pao Zieng-shun alias Chu Sho-zian.

November 28, 1941.

Afternoon Translation.

Eighth Detachment

Chief of eighth detachment: Mr. Foong-pa.

Chief of first squad: Chow Zin-kong alias Shi Tao-kai.

Members: Chow Tsin-hin alias Ko Min-shi, Wong Chi-sun alias Hwa Jau, Chow Chi-van alias Chu Chin, Chang Saio alias Tsio I-meh, Foong Sz-tsh, Pan Chen-yai alias Wu Nyen-chong, Yang Chuen-hwa, Wu Kwan alias Shu Hua-min, Foong Pa-lin alias Ze: Yuen-lin and Lin Keng alias Shi Hua-zian.

Chief of second squad: Chu Shien-wen alias Wong Nyi-fong.

Members: Tsai Tien-yuen alias Nyi Kwei, Chu Siu-de alias Chong Nyi-shen, Liu Teh-kwei alias Yen Kwan-chin, Wu Zien-nyi alias Lee Fei, Wu Teh-mee alias Chow Yin-tse, Wong Shi-wu alias Hung Shu-tao, Liu Chong-tai alias Chu Yu-mei and Tsio Wo alias Zien Tsi.

D.C. (Sp.Br.)

List of murder and attempted murder cases committed by the members of the Shanghai Blue Shirts Society

<u>Name of Victim</u>	<u>Position Held by Victim</u>	<u>Date of Crime</u>	<u>Place of Crime</u>	<u>Killed or Wounded</u>	<u>Name of Assailant</u>	<u>Reward Paid</u>
Wong Yung Kwei (王永魁)	Intelligence officer in the employ of Japanese	9/9/39	Corner of Foochow & Hoopai Rds.	Killed	Wong Mur (王茂) "Zing" 3rd squad	\$3,000
Lieu Yung (劉永)	-do-	9/9/39	-do-	-do-	-do-	\$3,000
Lee Szu Tsang (李如璋)	Manager of Refugee Home	24/9/39	Corner of Foochow & Yunnan Rds	-do-	Zao Zung (趙聖) 2nd squad	\$3,000
Wong Hai Tao (程海濤)	Superintendent of French Police	18/10/39	Corner of Rue Amiral Bayle and Re Conty	-do-	4th squad	\$3,000
Lieu Kee Ching (劉紀青)	Member of peace movement	12/10/39	Weihaiwei Rd	-do-	Zao Sung 2nd squad	\$3,000
Lieu Pah Nyien (劉伯年)		12/10/39	-do-	-do-	-do-	\$3,000
Nyien Yuen Ngho (嚴蘊玉)		12/10/39	-do-	-do-	-do-	\$3,000
Zao Van Chiu (邵範九)	Member of peace movement	13/11/39	Si Ching Lodging House, Rue de Peres	-do-	Pih Kao Kwei (畢高凱), "Chiao" section	\$3,000
Zao Kong Yee (趙剛義)	Chief of 3rd detachment of Special Service sqdrs.	18/12/39	Corner of Lu Ya Ching and Nanking Rds.	-do-	Chiang Ah Hwa (蔣安華) 3rd detachment	\$10,000

<u>Name of Victim</u>	<u>Position Held by Victim</u>	<u>Date of Crime</u>	<u>Place of Crime</u>	<u>Killed or Wounded</u>	<u>Name of Assailant</u>	<u>Reward Paid</u>
Chen Ming Tse (陳明楚)	Chief of 1st Dept. of the Special Service Hdqrs	25/12/39	At the door of Eventail on Yu Yuen Rd	Killed	Ma Ho Deo (馬河同) & Ting Pao Lin (丁寶鈴)	\$45,000
Ho Yien Chien (何行健)	Commander, 2nd Route of Anti-Communist & National Salvation Army	-do-	-do-	-do-	Ngau Tsing Kiang (岳清江)	\$45,000
Loo Kuh Ching (顧克勤)	Member of peace movement	-do-	299 Connaught Rd	-do-	Fuh Tse Shen (傅致先), 3rd squad of first detachment	\$2,500
Tan Wen Chih (譚文質)	Member of peace movement	21/1/40	Yu Yuen Rd	-do-	Zao Sung and Chen Mur, 2nd detachment	\$4,000
Yang Auo Tung (楊國棟)	Member of peace movement	21/1/40	Yu Yuen Rd	-do-	-do-	\$4,000
Yu Yih Tsong (俞葉封)	Merchant	14/1/40	Keng Sing Wu Tan Theatre, Newchwang Rd	-do-	Zao Sung & Wong Hou, 2nd detachment	\$5,000
Lee She Yeu (李熙友)	Member of peace movement	1/2/40	269 Rue Auguste Boppe	-do-	Sz Phou Tsang (時壽章), "Chiao", 5th squad	\$1,500
Loh Yue Ting (陸雨亭)	Police Bureau of Shai. City Govt.	6/2/40	Central Hotel, Canton Rd	-do-	Shan Chan Wei (相強偉), 1st squad of 1st detachment	\$3,000

<u>Name of Victim</u>	<u>Position Held by Victim</u>	<u>Date of Crime</u>	<u>Place of Crime</u>	<u>Killed or Wounded</u>	<u>Name of Assailant</u>	<u>Reward Paid</u>
Wien Lung Loong (錢人龍)	Vice Chief, Intelligence Office, Special Service Hdqrs	26/2/40	Bubbling Well Rd.	Killed	陳 默 Chen Mur, 2nd squad	\$5,000
Lieu Loong Ying (劉仲英)	Manager of Great Asia Broadcasting Stn.	29/2/40	Siukiang Rd	-do-	-do-	\$3,000
Wu Shun (許申)	Reporter of Sin Shun Pao	28/3/40	Corner of East Hanbury and Miller Rds	Wounded	張 影 & Zao Kai Shing (趙家森)	\$1,000
Tan Shao Liang (譚紹良)	Superintendent of S.M.P.	13/4/40	22, Lane 155 Wei Haiwei Rd	Killed	王 豪 Wong Hou, 2nd detachment	\$5,000
Lia Tse Ding (謝芝庭)	Director of Hwa Shing Bank	7/5/40	Gordon Rd	-do-	-do-	\$3,000
Woo Li Foong (顧立峰)	Captain of 4th detach- ment of peace and salvation	28/5/40	Yangtse Hotel, Hankow Rd	-do-	徐 曉 楓 Zee Wei Foong, 4th detachment	\$5,000
Chang Zao Yung (張兆雲)	Principal of San Chi Radio Academy	4/6/40	Mohawk Rd	-do-	陳 浩 & Fuh Tse Shen, 3rd squad, 1st detachment	\$3,000
Kee Tien Chou (紀天仇)	Councillor of Kiangsu- Chekiang-Anhui Hooping Operation Committee	6/6/40	At the entrance of Luen Chong Li, Rte. Voyron	-do-	羅 澤 民 & Ling-Taung Lung, 林鎮城 3rd detachment	\$5,000
Loh Sih Hou (陸錫侯)	Manager of defunct Tung Yih Company	13/6/40	Opposite Kwang Hwa Theatre, Av. Rd. VII	Wounded	潘 紹 岳 Pan Zao Hwa & Wong Yuen, 6th detachment	\$1,000
Hwang Sze Ching (黃世清)	Member of peace movement	10/7/40	Corner of Chengtu Rd. & Av. Rd. VII	Killed	馮 賢 Fong Yien, 2nd squad	\$500

<u>Name of Victim</u>	<u>Position Held by Victim</u>	<u>Date of Crime</u>	<u>Place of Crime</u>	<u>Killed or Wounded</u>	<u>Name of Assailant</u>	<u>Reward Paid</u>
Liang Pah Hwa (梁伯華)	Lawyer	4/8/40	Loong Chi Li, N. Chekiang Rd	Wounded	Pih Kao Kwei & Kwang Tse Hung, 聯志鴻 "Chiao", 1st squad	\$1,000
Zung Hien Sieh (程文錫)	-do-	4/8/40	-do-	-do-	-do-	\$1,000
Chang Siao Ling (張嘯林) & Wu Ching Ling (吳景林)		19/8/40	Aue Wagner	killed	Chiáng An Hwa, 3rd detachment	\$10,000
Chang Han Yuen (張漢元)		15/8/40	Bubbling Well Rd.	Wounded	Lee Liang & Lin Tsung Zung, 3rd 林鎮城 detachment	\$1,000
Lieu Nei An (劉內鵠)	Manager of Kuo Min Daily News	4/9/40	King Hwa Restaurant, Foochow Rd	Killed	Pih Kao Kwei	\$5,000
Sze Cheu Dong (史允棠)	Lawyer	19/9/40	Central Rd	Killed	Hong Hou 王豪	\$3,000
Bing Pao (平報)		4/10/40	Foochow Rd	Bombed	Tung Wei, 3rd detachment	Nil
Chun Fih Dah (龔必達)	Peace movement	9/10/40	Ste Pere Robert	Killed	Chan Muh 陳默	Nil
Fu Siao An (傅筱庵)	Mayor of Shanghai	10/10/40	Hongkew	-do-	Chan Muh & Zao 趙聖 Sung, 2nd detachment	\$70,000
Lee Kung Lin (李恭臨)	Manager of Dollar Hotel	19/10/40	Yu Ya Ching Rd	-do-	汪 洋 Wang Yang, 5th detachment	\$3,000

<u>Name of Victim</u>	<u>Position Held by Victim</u>	<u>Date of Crime</u>	<u>Place of Crime</u>	<u>Killed or Wounded</u>	<u>Name of Assailant</u>	<u>Reward Paid</u>
Wang Pang (汪鵬)		23/10/40	Corner of Nanking & Kiangse Rds	Wounded	畢高奎 & Zao Kai Shing	Nil
Yien Nynion Kun (袁鏡公)	Member of the Control Yuan of Nanking Govt.	10/11/40	Hart Rd	Killed	趙家鑫 Chen Tao 陳濤	\$2,000
Ling Tse Chun (林杏桐)	Vice Minister of Labourers Welfare Ass. in the Settlements	12/11/40	Yu Ya Ching Rd	-do-	董威 & Loo 盧 Ping Tsong, 3rd detachment	\$8,000
Loo Ting (盧巖)	Member of peace movement	13/11/40	Foochow Rd	Wounded	馮林鎮 Foong & Lin Tsung Zung 成	Nil
d'Hooghe 杜格	Director of 2nd Special District Court	17/12/40	24 Rte G. de Boissezon	Killed	鄭志鴻 Kwong Tse Hung, Ting Siao Pao, 丁小寶 "Chiao", 1st squad	\$5,000
Chen Kwong Yien (陳光炎)	i/c of outdoor staff, Bureau of Public Safety of Shanghai	23/12/40	Plaza Hotel, Hankow Rd	-do-	Chen Tao 陳濤	\$3,000
Woo Ise Kiang (鄧文江)	Member of peace movement	26/12/40	Dah Mei Ballroom, Yu Ya Ching Rd	-do-	周默生 Chow Muh Sun, Mah Foong Pah, 馬達伯 3rd detachment	\$3,000
Chi ming Yuen (季明遠)	Deputy of Central Reserve Bank	3/1/41	Lane 174, Rue Kraetzer	-do-	葉東山 Yih Tung San, 3rd detachment	\$3,000
Tung Yue (董俞)	Lawyer	20/1/41	Rte. Delastre	-do-	畢高奎 & Pih Kao Kwei, Kwong Tse Hung 鄭志鴻	\$3,000

<u>Name of Victim</u>	<u>Position Held by Victim</u>	<u>Date of Crime</u>	<u>Place of Crime</u>	<u>Killed or Wounded</u>	<u>Name of Assailant</u>	<u>Reward Paid</u>
Deu Sih Zung (段燮庄)	Committeeman of An Ching Society	17/2/41	Wu Foh Leu Restaurant, Boulevard de Montigny	Killed	Chen Tao 陳濤	\$2,000
Leo Ting (盧鼎)	Member of peace movement	19/2/41	Rte des Soeurs	Wounded	馮樹德 Fong Tse Teh, Mah Fong Pah 馬逢伯	\$3,000
Shanghai Branch, Central Reserve Bk.		20/2/41	At the address of the Branch	Bombed	董威 Tung Wei, Dien 田傑 Chi & Lin Tsung 林鍾儀 Zung, 3rd attachment	\$2,000
Lung Zeh Zun (盛植人)	Departmental Chief of Revenue Bureau	14/3/41	9, Lane 116, Av. Joffre	Killed	Pih Kao Kwei	\$2,000
Pan Tze Tung (潘樹冬)	Member of peace movement	14/3/41	Tatung Rd	Wounded	葉東山 Yih Tung San, Lee Tuh Cheng, 3rd attachment	\$3,000
Chang Yang Yeh (張養義)	Staff of Central Reserve Bank	17/3/41	73, Lane 291, Rte. Herve de Sieyes	-do-	趙家義 Zao Kai shing, Ting Siao Pao 丁少保	\$600
Woo Zao Lin (胡兆麟)		19/3/41	Sun Co., Yu Ya Ching Rd	Killed	Chen Tao 陳濤	\$5,000
Lur Fien Chuen (樓文權)	Accountant of Shai Br. of Central Reserve Bk.	22/3/41	Corner of Yu Ya Ching and Sinza Rds	-do-	Tung Wei, 3rd squad	\$5,000
Nyien Lung Kwei (嚴倫魁)	Former President of Shai District Court at Nantao	29/3/41	Yueh Chien Ka, Wen Miao Rd, Nantao	Uninjured	Pan Zao Nyoh, 6th Nil squad 潘紹岳	

<u>Name of Victim</u>	<u>Position Held by Victim</u>	<u>Date of Crime</u>	<u>Place of Crime</u>	<u>Killed or Wounded</u>	<u>Name of Assailant</u>	<u>Reward Paid</u>
Tung Chu (董樞)	Clerk of F.M.C.	3/4/41	1 Rue Marcel Tillot	killed	Pih Koo Kwei, 1st squad	\$3,000
Chen Voong Hwei (陳鳳輝)	Employee of Consolidated Tax Bureau	8/4/41	Corner of Weihaiwei & Yates Rds	Wounded	Chiang An Hua, 3rd squad	Nil
Chang Yung Keng (張永綱)	Sub-Accountant of Shai Br. of Central Reserve Bank	17/4/41	Lane 391, 73 Rte de Sieyes	killed	Zao Chia Shing, 1st squad	\$3,000
Lee Ting Moh (馬鼎模)	Auditor of Shai Br. of Central Reserve Bk.	22/4/41	Chung Nan Hotel, Av. d. VII	-do-	Ho Voong Liang, 7th squad	\$3,000
Chang Zao Ziang (蔣兆祥)	Deputy of Social Movement Direction Committee	24/4/41	In front of Wei Fong Bank on Av. du Roi Albert	wounded	Zao Chia Shing, 1st squad	Nil
Yeu Ah Keng (尤阿根)	A/Superintendent, Louza Station	14/5/41	Corner of Hankow & Yunnan Rds	killed	Zung Ts Bang & Zao Chia Shing, 1st squad	\$3,000
Wong Tseng (王政)		16/5/41	Wuting Rd near Seymour Rd	-do-	Zao Zung, 3rd squad	Nil
Wung Soo Chung (孫蘇鈞)		20/6/41	Lane 257, 3 Rue de Marche	-do-	Pih Koo Kwei, 1st squad	\$1,000
Chang Yung Kai (張雲階)		2/6/41	-do-	-do-	-do-	\$1,000

<u>Name of Victim</u>	<u>Position Held by Victim</u>	<u>Date of Crime</u>	<u>Place of Crime</u>	<u>Killed or wounded</u>	<u>Name of Assailant</u>	<u>Reward Paid</u>
d' Auxion de Ruffe	French lawyer	14/6/41	Rue du Consulat	Killed	Pih Kae Kwei & Nyu Yung Heng, 1st squad	\$5,000
Woo Lang Ying (胡常英)		25/6/41	mouth of Lai An Li, Sin Min Rd	Wounded	Chen Zeu, 3rd squad	\$1,000
Created disturbance at celebration		1/8/41	Jessfield Rd	Broken up	Yung Dah Zung	\$2,000
Ivanoff	Chairman of Russian Emigrants' Committee	18/9/41	Mei Tsung Terrace, Moulmein Rd	Killed..	Kwang Ts Hwang, 1st squad	\$5,000
Wong Han Ching (王翰卿)	Merchant	8/10/41	150 Sinza Rd	-do-	Yeh Tung San, 3rd squad	arrested before reward paid.
Li Teh Hwei (朱德輝)	-do-	9/10/41	San Tai Hotel, Kiukiang Rd	-do-	Ma Dah Pah, 3rd squad	-do-
Wong Tsang Ling (王正林)	Employee of Social Movement Direction Committee	20/10/41	Recreation Ground, Dah Chi Rd, Nantao	Wounded	Li Lih Chung & Gee Nii Shing Nyi, 1st squad	

<u>Name of Victim</u>	<u>Date of Crime</u>	<u>Place of Crime</u>	<u>Wounded or Killed</u>	<u>Name of Assailant</u>	<u>Reward Paid</u>
Yoshie Isobe	29/9/40	North Szechuen Rd. near Woorhang Road	Killed	Chiang An Hwa 3rd Detachment	\$3,000
Seiichi Sato	30/9/40	Chin Ying Road, Western District	- do -	- do -	\$1,500
Yoshio Wakemura	6/11/40	N. Fiangre Road Near Henge Road	Seriously wounded	Chao Sun Wu, 2nd Detachment	\$1,000
Shin Ishibashi	14/11/40	In the vicinity of Keshing Road	Killed	Chiang An Hwa 3rd Detachment	\$2,000
Mitsugu Tominaga	17/11/40	Navy Club on Boone Road	Killed	- do -	\$3,000
Kubota	30/11/40	No. 3 Ki Shan Li, Scott Road.	Uninjured	Chiang An Hwa & Ling Hwei Yeo, 3rd Detachment	none issued
Sasaki	1/12/40	Wang Ka Loong, Western District	Seriously wounded	Chiang An Hwa, 3rd Detachment	\$1,500
Maseo Nomura	17/12/40	Entrance of Hwa Teh Li, Thorburn Rd.	Killed	Pih Kao Kwan 1st Squad	\$1,500
Miyeshara	22/12/40	Wen Miao Road, Nanteo	Killed	Chiang An Hwa, 3rd Detachment	None issued
Fatsuhara Takahashi	1/1/41	Yuen Kiangwen	Wounded	- do -	\$3,000

<u>Name of Victim</u>	<u>Date of Crime</u>	<u>Place of Crime</u>	<u>Wounded or Killed</u>	<u>Name of Assailant</u>	<u>Reward Paid</u>
Nishiwa	13/1/41	Corner of Nanking & Suanse Roads	Killed	Pan Zou Yo, 6th Detachment	None issued
Masazo Demitsu	19/1/41	In front of Japanese China Cotton Mill, Western District	Wounded	Chiang Ai Hwa, 3rd Detachment	\$500
Kaseich Toda	22/2/41	Pingliang Road near Tsitsihar Road	Seriously Wounded	- do -	\$500
Ishinaka	26/2/41	- do -	Killed	- do -	\$500
Igarashi	10/4/41	Dirwell Road	Uninjured	- do -	None issued
Partners of Japan-China Cotton Spinning Co.	15/4/41	250 Penang Rd.	Uninjured	- do -	None issued
Honda etc.	18/4/41	Robison Road	Two persons wounded	- do -	None issued
Town Theatre	26/4/41	Chapoo Rd. near Haining Road	22 persons slightly and seriously wounded	Sung Dah Chen, anti-Group	\$3,000
A. Murayama	28/4/41	Naval Sentry Post at Stone Bridge, Chapei	Seriously wounded	Pan Zou Yo, 6th Detachment	\$1,000
M. Watanabe	5/5/41	A road by the side of San Shing Flour Mill, at Lane 129, Kwong Foh Road, Chapei.	Slightly wounded	Jeh Zung Mei 1st Squad	\$500
Ha Doong Depart- mental Store	2/6/41 26/7/41	Rue Messanet	Uninjured	Sung Dah Chen anti-group	None issued

<u>Name of Victim</u>	<u>Date of Crime</u>	<u>Place of Crime</u>	<u>Wounded or Killed</u>	<u>Name of Assailant</u>	<u>Reward Paid</u>
The French Con- cession Branch of the Japanese Gendarmerie in the Quarters of the Mitsui & Company	11/6/41	Route Pere Robert	Uninjured	Sung Dah Chen anti-group	\$3,000
H. Sasaki & two others	15/6/41	Civic Centre Rd., Kiangwan	One killed and two wounded	Chiang An Hwa, 3rd Detachment	\$5,000
Chitayuki Akagi	17/6/41	Yu Yuen Road near Tifeng Rd.	Killed	- do -	\$5,000
K. Jotoku	26/7/41	Elgin Road	Killed	- do -	\$500
S. Shinibu	27/7/41	Near Ti Chu Ka, Zikawei	Killed	- do -	Not issued
H. Sakai	31/7/41	In front of Japanese Gendarmerie Detach- ment on Min Kuo Road, Nantao	Killed	Fen Chi Tseng, 4th Detachment	\$2,000
T. Aoki	16/8/41	Yangtzepoo Road near Pingliang Rd.	Killed	Shih Zou Chang 5th Squad	\$500
N. Furukabe	25/8/41	Seward Road	Filled	Chiang An Hwa, 3rd Detachment	\$500
M. Sudo	25/8/41	- do -	Wounded	- do -	\$500
San Tung Book Store	29/8/41	321 Foochow Rd.	Burning	Sung Dah Chen anti-group	\$2,000

<u>Name of Victim</u>	<u>Date of Crime</u>	<u>Place of Crime</u>	<u>Wounded or Killed</u>	<u>Name of Assailant</u>	<u>Reward Paid</u>
Piyenaka	16/9/41	Corner of East Hanbury Rd. & Yuenfong Road	Wounded	Chieng An Hwe, 3rd Detachment	None issued
Isoya	9/9/41		Uninjured	- do -	- do -
Fusumoto	13/9/41	Point Road	Wounded	- do -	- do -
Ikeda	7/10/41	Hongkew	Killed	Pih Yao Wan, 1st Squad	- do -
Ishiide	10/10/41	Wong Va Ioong, Lee Ma Road, Yantai.	Killed	Shih Zou Chang 5th Squad	- do -
Murase	12/10/41	Zau Ka Jou Ti, Pootung	Killed	Pih Kao Kwang 1st Squad	-do-
Y. Okamoto	22/10/41	In front of Central China Electricity Co.	Seriously wounded	Wu SongWoo 3rd Squad	- do -

G.



R.

No. AIT/EEP

NUMBER AND DATE SHOULD
BE QUOTED IN REFERENCE
TO THIS LETTER.

POLICE HEADQUARTERS,
HONG KONG.

18th December, 1940.

The Deputy Commissioner of Police, Hong Kong,
has the honour to acknowledge with many thanks receipt
of the Assistant Commissioner's letter No.D.4685(c)
dated December, 10, 1940, and enclosure.

The Assistant Commissioner (Special Branch),
Shanghai Municipal Council,
P.O. Box No.158,
Shanghai.



AHB

G.



R.

No. S.B. 4014/40.

NUMBER AND DATE SHOULD
BE QUOTED IN REFERENCE
TO THIS LETTER

POLICE HEADQUARTERS,
HONG KONG.

AHE:JS.

16th November, 1940.

SECRET. BY SAFE HAND.

Sir,

In view of the reported assassination activities of the BLUE SHIRTS I shall be glad if you will inform me what is known of this party and whether any connections with the Colony have been noted.

I have the honour to be,

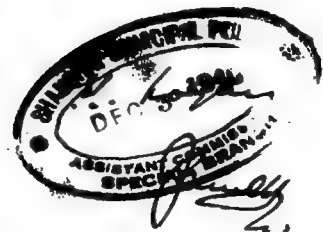
Sir,

Your obedient servant,

A. H. Wilson

J Deputy Commissioner of Police.

Deputy Commissioner of Police,
Special Branch,
Shanghai Municipal Police,
Shanghai Municipal Council,
SHANGHAI.



SECRET - BY SAFE HAND.

Sir,

Reference to your letter No. S.R. 4018/40, of November 16, 1940, relative to the activities of the "Blue Shirts", enclosed is a copy of a Police report respecting this society.

During the progress of Police enquiries respecting this society, no connections with any activities in Hongkong have been noted.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

(Signed) J. J. Bennett

Assistant Commissioner
(Special Branch)

A. H. Elston, Esq.,

Deputy Commissioner of Police,

Hongkong, of taking offence against persons who, either prompted or motivated by personal ill-feeling, unsuccessfully challenged the authority of the Government as the sole ruling power in Hongkong.

After some years of experience, the Government has been able to identify the persons who are likely to be involved in such activities.

SECRET

December 9, 1940.

MEMORANDUM ON THE BLUE SHIRT SOCIETY

General survey of the Blue Shirt Society - officially

adopted by this group of men for their organization.

Following the establishment of the National Government in Nanking under the sponsorship of the Chinese Kuomintang in 1927 after the successful conclusion of the Northern Campaign of the Nationalist Army under the supreme command of General Chiang Kai-shek, national unity was in sight. However, as a result of the vigorous purge of communist elements among the Kuomintang members which commenced on April 12, 1927 and which gave rise to a ten-year struggle between the Kuomintang and the Communist Party in China, a feeling of indignation among the communists and their sympathisers was generated and was principally directed against General Chiang Kai-shek who was responsible for initiating the purge.

During the following years, while directing state affairs in his capacity as Chairman of the National Government, General Chiang Kai-shek had always felt the necessity of taking effective measures in dealing with those who, either prompted by political ambition or motivated by personal ill-feeling, had persistently but unsuccessfully challenged the authority of the Kuomintang as the sole ruling authority of China.

After many years of quiet and preliminary preparation and planning, a new secret body was founded in almost all of the big cities and in the suggestion of one named Ien Chi (胡結祥), a propaganda officer in North China, that General Chiang Kai-shek could have successfully maintained his

Handwritten notes in Chinese characters, including "35", "42", and "10".

China, by a number of staunch supporters of General Chiang Kai-shek. No title was officially adopted by this group of men for their organization, but in view of its similarity to the "Black Shirt" in Italy in regard to its organization and operation, the title of "Blue Shirts" was automatically adopted by the public for it, despite the strong denial of its existence by the Kuomintang or any of its leaders. From a modest beginning, this group of men soon became extremely influential among government officials and the rank and file of the Chinese Army in most of the provinces of China. The activities of this group of men were similar to, if not the same as, the CCPU in the U.S.S.R. or the Gestapo in Nazi Germany. For many years after the existence of such a secret organization became generally known, both civil officials and military officers in China had good reason to feel that they were everywhere approached by such agents for members of this secret group were forbidden to admit the intelligence, both political and military, secured by the members of this organization, or to permit the same to be used in any way in their efforts to consolidate and strengthen the Kuomintang in this country, and to act as a check on the Kuomintang. In a letter of 1951, signed by one of the organizers of the group, it was stated that the organization was founded for the purpose of maintaining the organization and the Kuomintang could have successfully maintained his

position as the Strong Man in Chinese politics.

Organization of the Blue Shirt Society

To avoid dissension among the followers of General Chiang, it was arranged that this new Society, instead of being independent, become part of the Kuomintang, that is a party within a party.

Its method of organization was based on the cell system, same as that adopted by the Communists.

The object of the Blue Shirt Society was, briefly stated, to conduct secret service activities against individuals and organizations opposing to the alleged dictatorial authority of General Chiang Kai-shek and his administration, particularly the Communist Party in China.

Throughout the more than seven years' existence of the Blue Shirt Society, little details of its activities ever came to light which was due principally to the stern disciplinary measures in force among the members of the Society, who were forbidden to admit to outsiders that they were members of the Blue Shirt Society or to disclose its secrets under the penalty of death, which was the only punishment.

As was to be expected, admission to membership of the Blue Shirt Society was most difficult and only Kuomintang members whose unflinching loyalty and allegiance had been proved beyond the shadow of a doubt were admitted into the organization.

The promoters and leaders of the Society con-

skated of a number of military leaders of the Whangpo Clique of the Central Army and such prominent Kuomintang members as Messrs. Chen Li-fao (陳立夫), Chen Kuo-fen (陳果夫), Woo Kai-sien (吳開先), Tseng Kung-ching (曾擴清), Hsu Hsiang-tsung (徐堪), and Woo Shing-yeh (吳醒亞), et al. No accurate estimate of the membership of the Blue Shirt Society was possible because of the particular nature of the organization which was always shrouded by an impenetrable veil of secrecy. It would be reasonable to assume, however, that during the later period of its existence, its membership must show a good figure if revealed, since successive events had been such as would tend to prove that members of Blue Shirts were everywhere in China and in practically all organizations.

Activities in Shanghai

Activities

The duties of the members of the Blue Shirt Society during its activities were conducted by members of the Blue Shirt Society in China. (2) The successful military campaign against the Russian Rebellion fomented and directed in 1914 by the high command of the former 10th Route Army; the failing of the Canton Revolt in 1925 under General Chen Chi-tang (陳濟棠); the reconciliation in 1927 with the Kwantung Clique under Bai Chong-shi (白崇禧) and Li Tsung-jen (李宗仁) in 1927, of China's 1927, the execution in 1927 of General base in the Kiangai Province, communist elements

were successfully and continuously breaking through loopholes in the net of government espionage and filtering into almost every walk of life in Shanghai. Alarmed by their activities, the Blue Shirt Society despatched to Shanghai the late Mr. Woo Shing Yah (吳醒亞), promoter of the Blue Shirt Society, to take up the post of Chief of the Bureau of Social Affairs of the Shanghai City Government and concurrently Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Shanghai Kuomintang Headquarters, which post he successively held until his death in 1936.

On instructions from Nanking, Woo Shing Yah established the "Li Zee" (The Chinese Youth Strength Society) (中國青年力社) in Shanghai which was in reality a Shanghai counterpart of the Blue Shirt Society conducting secret service work in this city.

With a view to successfully suppressing the local communist influence, two sister organs of the "Chinese Youth Strength Society" were at the same time established by the Blue Shirt Society under the sponsorship of Woo Shing Yah, viz:-

- (1) The Middle Vanguard Society (中鋒社) the mission of which was to supervise student activities in local middle schools.
- (2) The Shanghai Municipality Mutual Aid Society (上海市互助力社), the mission of which was to direct movements of youths among local Kuomintang members.

Preliminary preparations having been completed in the form of the establishment of the three

secret service organizations above-mentioned, the Blue Shirt Society began to exercise control of, and gain a foothold in, the local educational circles, the press and other public organizations by installing instructors in schools and universities, editors and associate editors in newspaper offices, and secretaries in public bodies. In this connection, the Blue Shirt Society was successful in gaining an upper hand in its struggle against local communist influence.

Following the death of Woo Shing Yeh in August 1936, the Chinese Youth Strength Society was dissolved while the other two organizations definitely ceased to exist in Shanghai at the end of 1937, in consequence of the withdrawal of the Chinese armed forces from the Shanghai area.

In dealing with the activities in Shanghai of the Blue Shirt Society in general, mention may be made of the general opinion that members of the Special Service Branch of the Bureau of Public Safety (later changed to Police Bureau) of the Shanghai City Government were regarded as agents of the Blue Shirt Society and many arrests of importance to the suppression of communism were made by the staff of that Branch between 1932 and 1936. Cases of kidnapping and assassination of notable communists in the International Settlement and the French Concession also came to light.

During this period, one of the most outstanding attacks by the Blue Shirts upon the "Left" was the disappearance of Miss Ting Ling (丁玲), a well-known Leftist writer, and her paramour named Manu Feng, who, it was believed, were abducted from No. 7, Quinsan Gardens, off North Szechuen Road, on May 14, 1933 by Ma Shao Wu (馬紹武), a communist renegade, then connected with the Bureau of Public Safety and engaged in communist suppression work.

This abduction was publicly denounced by Mr. Yang Ang-vuh (楊杏佛), alias Yang Chien (楊鈺), veteran Kuomintang leader, who was known to entertain sympathies towards the communists. Yang's open denunciation however soon led to his assassination in the French Concession, believed to be at the hands of Blue Shirt agents.

As a retaliation, Ma Shao Wu and his successor Wong Tung Hwa (王永華) were respectively assassinated in the Settlement by emissaries of the Chinese Communist Party. Their deaths, no doubt, meant a severe blow to the activities of the Blue Shirt Society in Shanghai.

Another person of prominence among the local Chinese community was assassinated during this time in the person of Mr. Sh Liang Tsai (史量才), Proprietor of the Shun Pao, who was alleged to have refused to accede to the request of the Blue Shirt

Society for installing its members in the newspaper office.

Present situation and conclusion

The Blue Shirt Society has been inactive, not only in Shanghai, but in China as a whole, since early 1938. General Chiang Kai-shek had in 1938 caused the establishment of an organization under the title of "The San Min Chu I Youth Group" (三民主義青年團) which is an independent organ but nominally under the Kuomintang with General Chiang as its head. The purpose of this organization is to promote good citizenship to supplement the New Life Movement, of which he is the sponsor. The important work of the Group consists of the promotion of civil service, collection of intelligence and the guarding against political thoughts opposing to the San Min Chu I (Three People's Principles).

It is possible that some youthful members of the now defunct "Blue Shirt Society" have been incorporated into the Group. Nothing is to hand, however, that would indicate that the Group is functioning along the same lines as those adopted by the Blue Shirt Society in the course of the latter's existence.

Following the withdrawal of the Chinese armed forces from the Shanghai area, neither the Blue Shirt Society nor the newly formed San Min Chu I Youth Group was responsible for the assassination of Chiang

pro-Japanese elements in the International Settlement and the French Concession.

Information on hand indicates that one Tai Lieh (戴笠), a staff officer of the Military Affairs Commission, Chungking, and ex-member of the Blue Shirt Society, who is now in command of the Special Service Corps of the Kiangsu-Chekiang Operation Committee, a guerilla unit operating in the suburbs of this city, is taking charge of the assassination work in this city.

SECRET

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL

POLICE

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

S. B. REGISTRY

File No. S. B. D. 4615 (C)

S. I., Special Branch

REPORT

Date October 3, 1940

Subject Youth Organizations of the Kuomintang formerly existent in Shanghai.

Made by C.D.I. Kuh Pao Hwa Forwarded by D. I. Crawford

During 1935, the following three organizations came into existence in Shanghai under the sponsorship of Wu Shing Yah (吳醒亞), then Chief of the Bureau of Social Affairs and the local Tangpu :-

1. The Chinese Youth Strength Society (上海青年社), directed political activity among students in local universities on behalf of the local Tangpu.
2. The Middle Vanguard Society (中鋒社), supervised student activities in local middle schools.
3. The Shanghai Municipality Mutual Aid Society (上海青互社), directed movements of the youths among local Kuomintang members.

The authority of administering these organizations was vested in the executive members of the local Tangpu who, in the execution of their duties, worked hand in glove with the leading members of the local branch of the Blue shirt Society.

While the Chinese Youth Strength Society (1) was dissolved following the death of Wu Shing Yah in August, 1936, who was concurrently director of the Society, the other two organizations, it is known, definitely ceased to exist in Shanghai at the end of 1937, in consequence of the withdrawal of the Chinese armed forces from the Shanghai Area.

It may be added that although a few individual members of these organizations might still be in hiding in this city, there is no indication that

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

File No.

REPORT

..... Station,

Date 19

- 2 -

Subject (in full)

Made by Forwarded by

they are active.

Kuh Tso. hwa

G. D. I.

D. C. (Special Branch).

INDEXED BY
(S.B.) REGISTRY
DATE 3/10/40

SECRET

1/10/40.

The "Blue Shirt Society" was established in 1931 with a view to achieving an effective "Party Rule" and was sponsored by Chiang Kai-shek with a number of his most ardent supporters. This Society was a secret organization and only operated within the Kuomintang, its main object being to create a "strong Kuomintang feeling among the rank and file in the Army". When this was accomplished the warlords and their abuse of military power would be defeated.

The Society eventually became very powerful in most of the Provinces of China and caused most of the militarists to swear anew their allegiance to the National Government and to obey the Kuomintang.

Branches were established in Shanghai, Hankow, Hankow and Canton and in some instances the society members were known to have removed political and military opponents of the Kuomintang.

The Society was most active in Shanghai under the leadership of Wu Shing Yah (吳醒亞), Chief of the Bureau of Social Affairs of the Shanghai City Government from 1932 to 1934/^{but} lapsed after that and lost its chief through death on August 1936. Pan Kung Chan, then Deputy to Wu Shing Yah, became Chief of the Society but did nothing to further its activities and nothing was heard of the society until early in 1938 when Pan Kung Chan and most of his followers departed for Chungking, where he had been ordered to proceed by the Government.

From time to time, the Japanese owned newspapers mention the movements of one or other of the more or less well known members which is taken up by the Japanese owned Chinese language newspapers, but although

- 2 -

confidential and discreet enquiries have been made
no confirmation of such stories can be found.

The Society according to Special Branch information,
is not active in Shanghai.